## Biology 12 / M.Mazurkewich

## **FETAL CIRCULATION**



There are several main differences between adult and fetal circularion. Information is in the HUMAN DEVELOPMENT chapter of the textbook. [pages 452-454]. Answer and learn the following

1) What is the job of the oval opening?

Move oxygenated blood from right atrium to left atrium

2) What is the job of the venous duct?

Merge umbilical vein with vena cava to deliver oxygenated blood to right atrium

3) What is the job of the arterial duct?

Connect pulmonary artery to aorta ... to divert [some] oxygenated blood away from lungs and towards body.

4) How do you tell the umbilical artery from the umbilical vein just by looking at a diagram?

There are two umbilical arteries ... wrapped around the umbilical vein. The arteries are thinner. There is just one umbilical vein ... it is thicker.

5) What differences are there between blood in umbilical artery vs. umbilical vein [direction of flow & composition of blood]

Umbilical artery is carrying blood away from fetus and out of fetus. It has deoxygenated blood with CO2 and wastes in it. Umbilical vein is carrying blood into fetus. It has oxygenated blood carrying nutrients.

6) What is the job of the placenta?

To exchange oxygen and nutrients from mother's blood with carbon dioxide and wastes from fetal blood.

7) HOW does the placenta do its job [focus on structure]?

It is a place where mother's blood enters placenta and comes NEAR to fetus blood but then u-turns at her capillaries and leaves after dropping off oxygen and nutrients to fetal capillaries [and picking up CO<sub>2</sub> and wastes]. Fetus blood comes near mother's blood then u-turns at capillaries after picking up oxygen and nutrients and dropping off CO<sub>2</sub> and wastes. The blood of the mother and fetus are not supposed to touch each other ... just exchange materials.

- 8) Label the diagram [on back of this page]. There is an excellent diagram in your textbook to use.
- 9) In the diagram, colour vessels having oxygenated blood RED, deoxygenated blood BLUE, mixed blood PURPLE, and mixed blood with less oxygen BLUEY-PURPLE. [Use text diagram and/or internet pictures to help you].

